

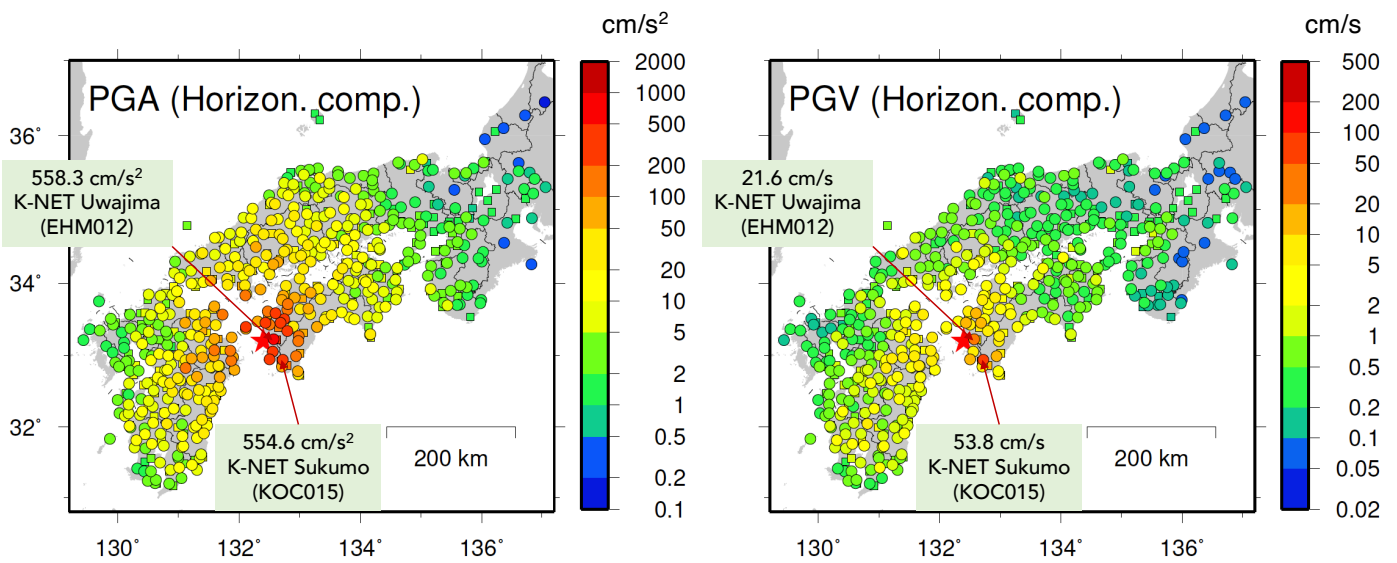
Strong Ground Motions

Earthquake in Bungo Channel on April 17, 2024 (Mw6.2)

IISEE, Building Research Institute

This report contains preliminary analysis results.

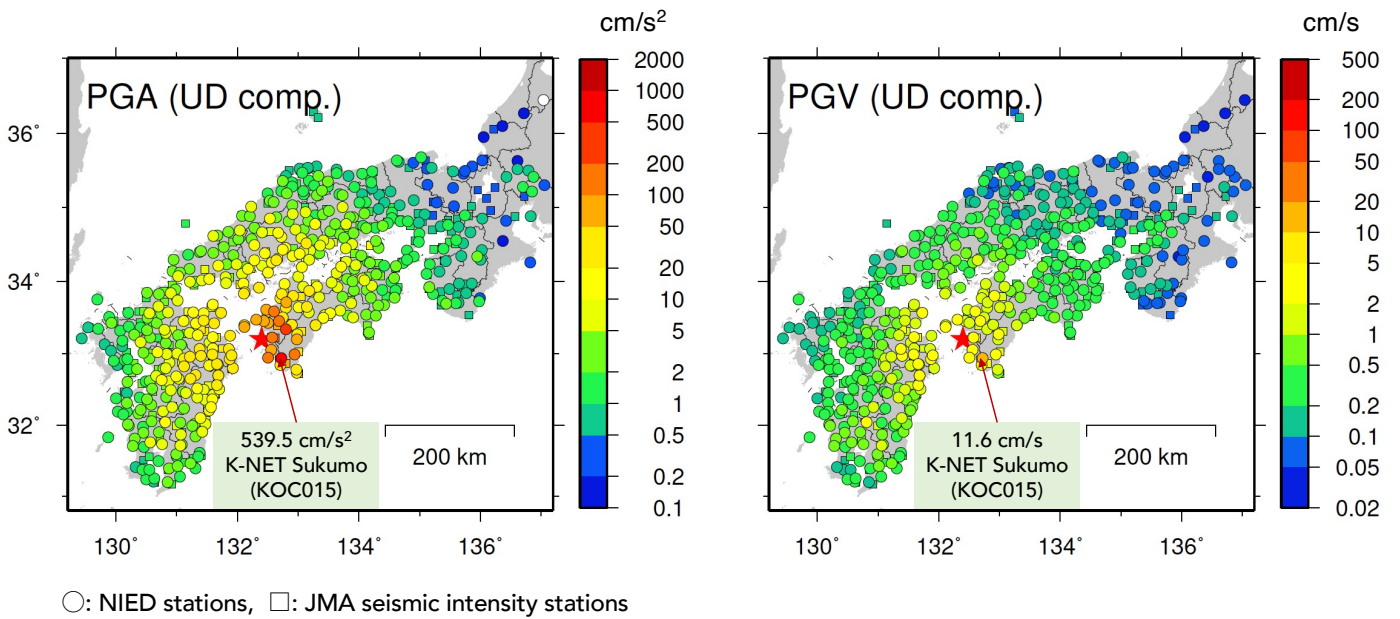
Observed PGAs/PGVs (Horizontal comp.)



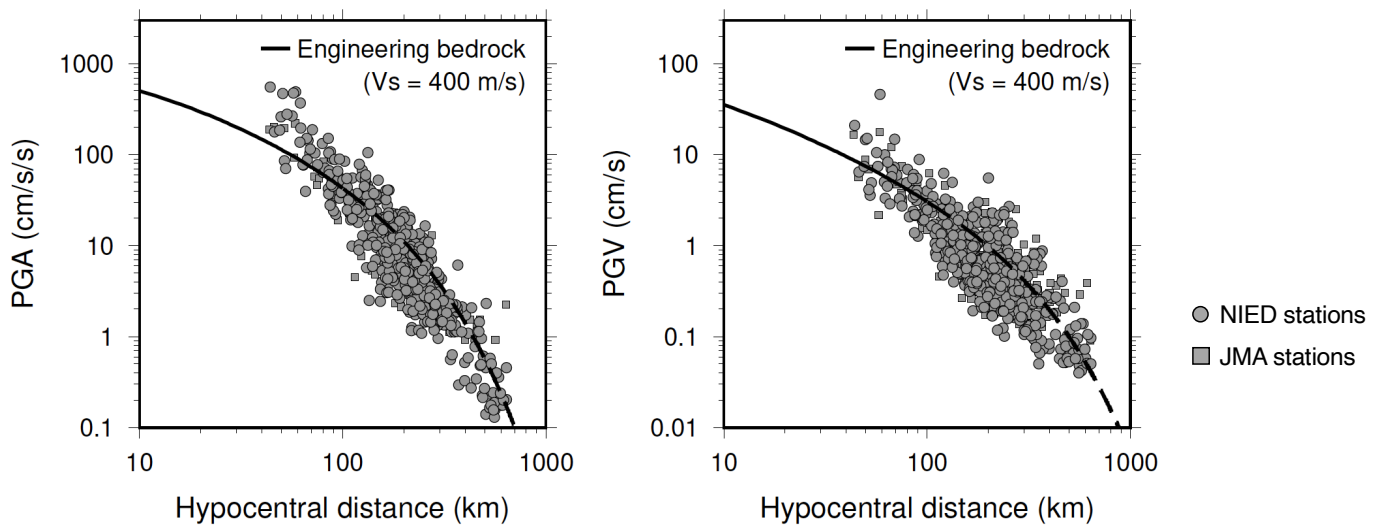
○: NIED stations, □: JMA seismic intensity stations

※ PGA and PGV are the maximum values of vector summation in the horizontal components.

Observed PGAs/PGVs (UD comp.)

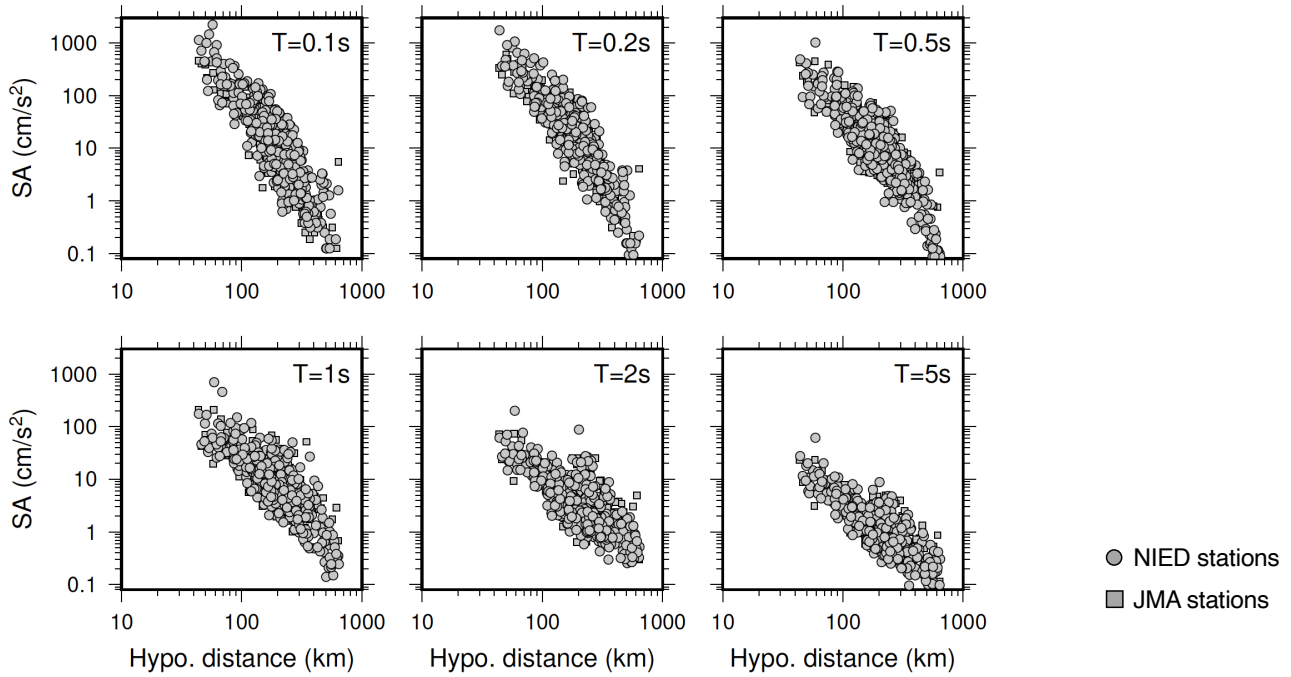


Observed PGAs/PGVs vs GMPE (Si & Midorikawa, 1999)

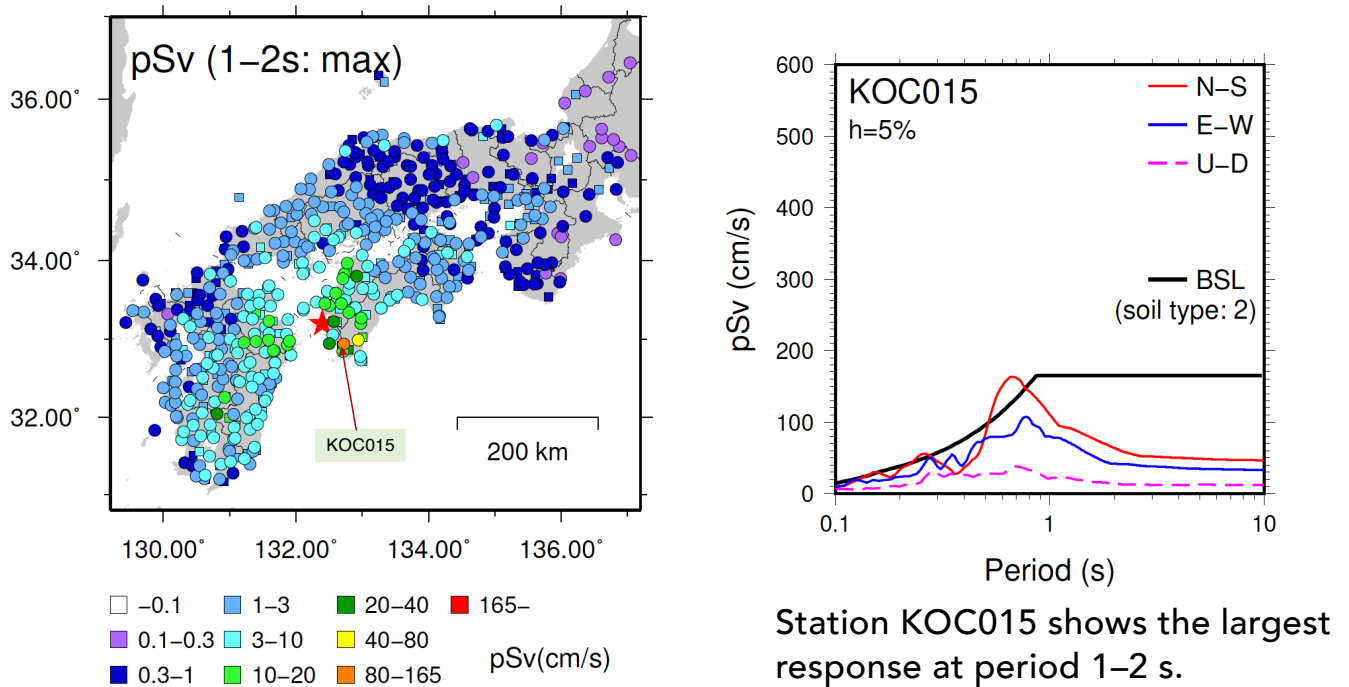


- ※ Horizontal axis is not the "shortest distance to the fault".
- ※ PGA/PGV values are the larger of the maximum values of NS and EW components.
- ※ Intraplate earthquake (depth=50 km) is assumed for the estimation.
- ※ Estimated values beyond 100 km (dashed line) are shown as reference values.

Attenuation characteristics of response spectra (h=5%)



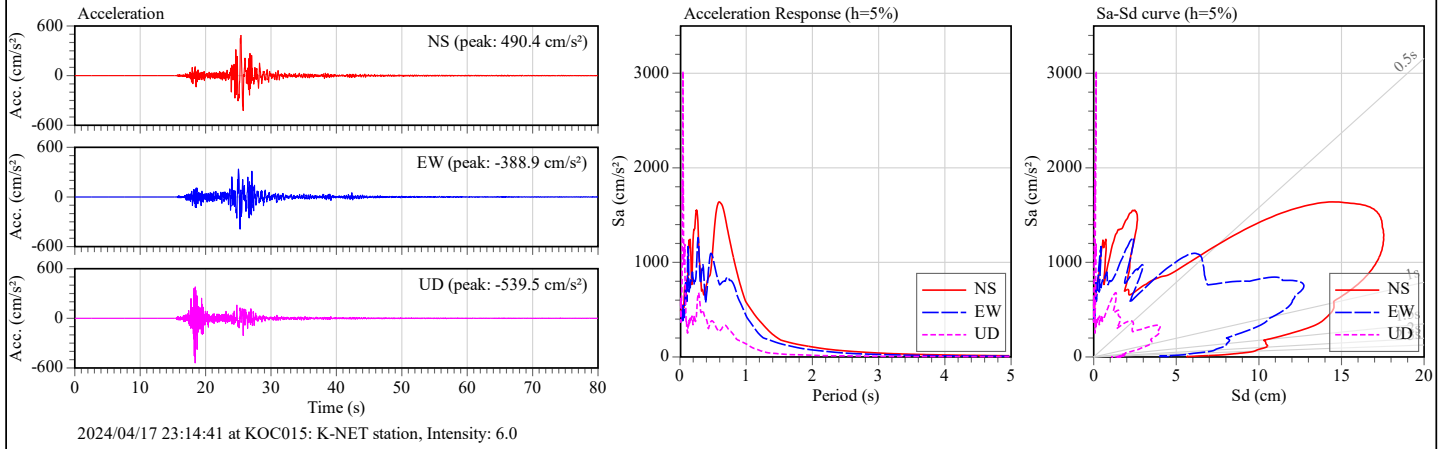
Pseudo-velocity response (pSv: 1–2 s, h=5%)



Station KOC015 shows the largest response at period 1–2 s.

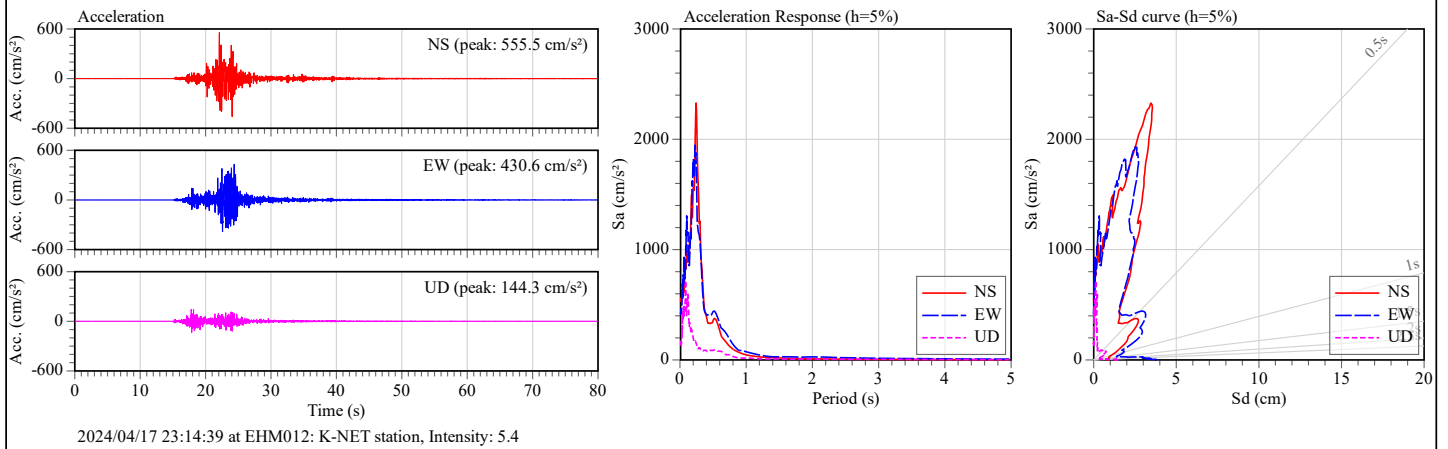
Ground motion at KOC015

BRI



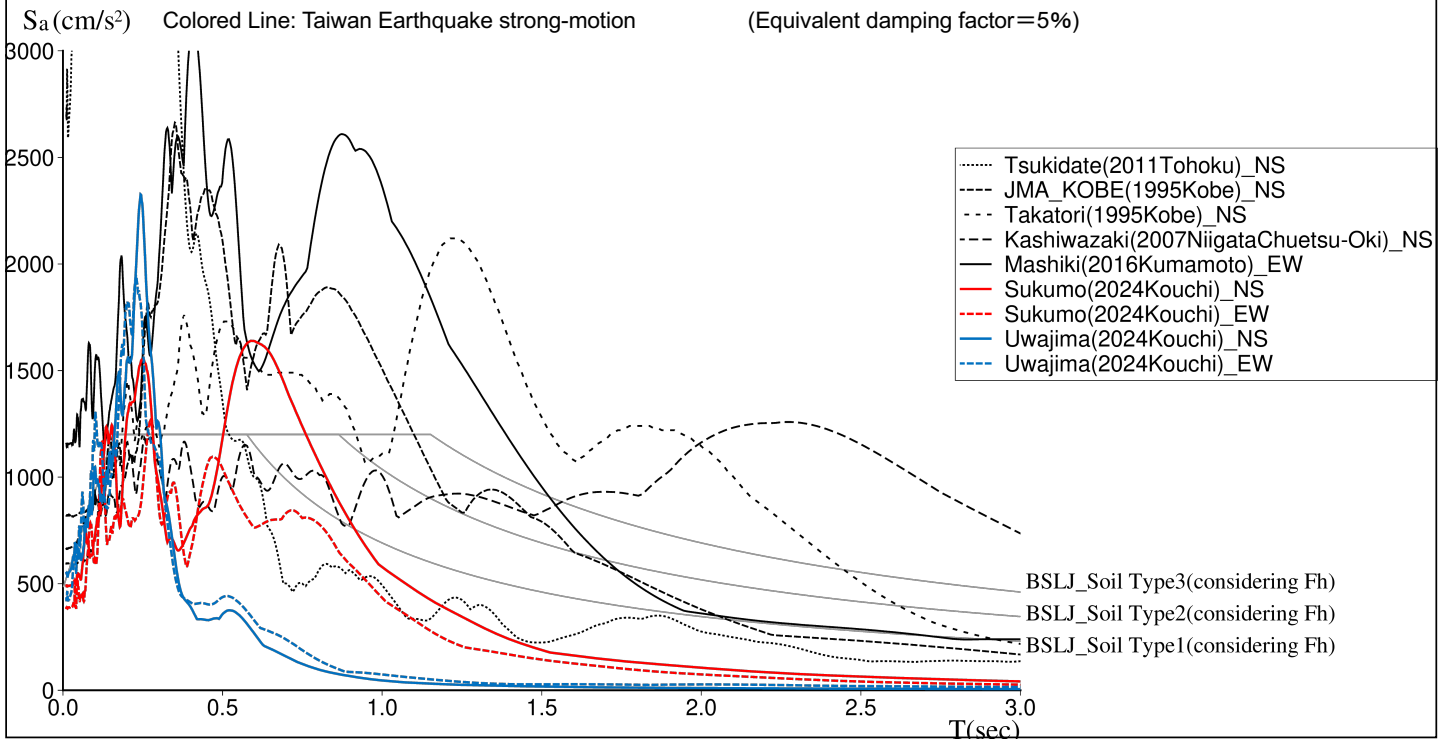
Ground motion at EHM012

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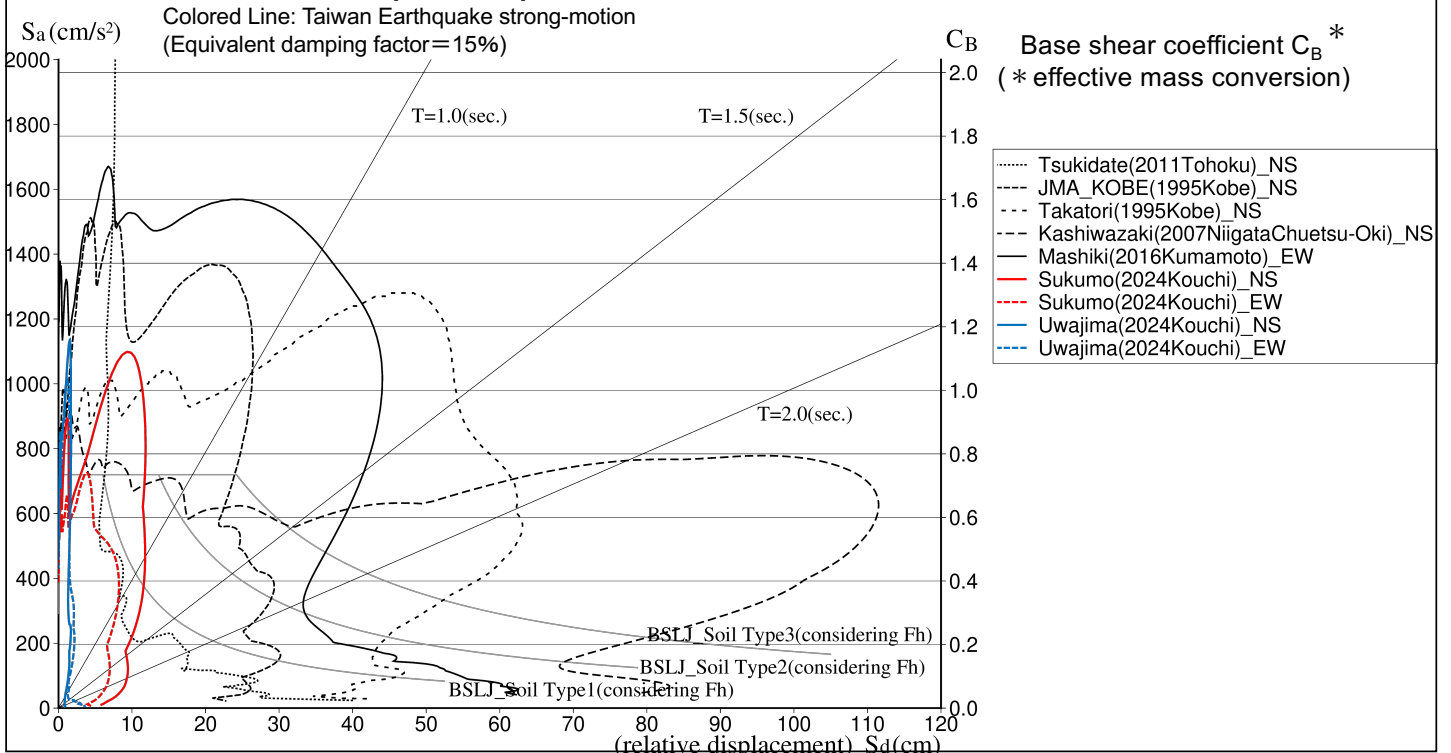
Response acceleration spectrum S_a and response periods

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$S_a - S_d$ curve and response periods

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Summary

- K-NET station KOC015 (Sukumo) showed larger PGA and PGV.
- The response acceleration (S_a) of the North-South (NS) components of KOC015 (Sukumo) showed large values at around the period of 0.5 s.
- From the S_a - S_d curve assuming a 15% equivalent damping ratio, the S_a - S_d shapes of this earthquake were smaller than past major earthquakes in Japan.

Acknowledgments:

We used K-NET and KiK-net strong-motion data provided by the National Research Institute for Earth Science and Disaster Resilience; NIED), Japan (<https://www.doi.org/10.17598/NIED.0004>) We also used strong-motion data from the Japan Meteorological Agency (JMA) seismic intensity stations.

We used hypocenter information determined by NIED Hi-net.
Response spectra were calculated using the subroutine program developed by Osaki (1994).
Figures were prepared using Generic Mapping Tools (GMT: Wessel and Smith, 1998).

We used strong motion data provided by NIED (K-NET and KiK-net), JMA, and RTRI for past strong motion in Japan.
 S_a -T and S_a - S_d were calculated using the View Wave by Kashima, BRI.